

I am, you are, we are Australian



ANDREW BOLT HERALD SUN JANUARY 29, 2014 8:43PM

Andrew Bolt writes that he considers himself an indigenous Australian. Picture: Carmelo Bazzano Source: Leader

I AM an indigenous Australian, like millions of other people here, black or white. Take note, Tony Abbott. Think again, you new dividers, before we are on the path to apartheid with your change to our Constitution.

I was born here, I live here and I call no other country home. I am therefore indigenous to this land and have as much right as anyone to it.

What's more, when I go before the courts I want to be judged as an individual. I do not want different rights according to my class, faith, ancestry, country of birth ... or "race".

I'm sure most Australians feel the same. We are Australians together, equal under the law and equal in our right as citizens to be here. That's how we've been for generations. It's why we've welcomed lawful immigrants and damned racists.

But this Australia is now under severe threat. Most incredibly, that threat is now led by Prime Minister Abbott, a Liberal. Abbott says he wants a "national crusade" to change the Constitution to recognise Aborigines as the "first Australians".

"If we had known in 1901 what we know now, if our hearts had been as big then as now, we would have acknowledged indigenous people in the Headline

Author, source, date and time of publication

Image and caption included

Establishes authority for speaking on the issue Grabs the reader's attention through the use of powerful language and establishes contention

Continues to build on argument by listing other dividers in society

Use of inclusive language

Use of quotation from key individual

Constitution back then," he said this week. Refutes claims made This is nonsense. The writers of our Constitution no more lacked heart than do people today. The difference is they were inspired by the creed that all citizens — those, at least, we admitted — are as one before the law. True, they did not always live up to that ideal (although, contrary to popular myth, they granted Aborigines the vote in all states where they had the franchise). Use of informal language But even if we don't always follow our moral compass, the answer never is to break it. Changing the Constitution to divide Australians between the "first" and the rest — on the basis of the "race" of our ancestors — is not just immoral and an insult to our individuality. Worse, it is socially dangerous. This will not "reconcile" us but permanently Use of inclusive language divide. It would do no good to a single Aboriginal in bush camps, but would concede a critical point: that Australians in our most fundamental legal document are now to be divided by "race". Abbott insists he will not endorse any change that will have that practical effect in the courts. He means to treat the Constitution in this matter as if it were just a history book, not the foundation of our law. But once he concedes the principle he concedes everything. Use of key term in the debate He will not get the "reconciliation" he imagines, some shiny day when we all ('reconciliation') and introduces hug each other in happy tears. this idea which is expanded upon He will instead license demands from people, particularly race industry professionals, who will in some cases be satisfied with nothing less than apartheid. Consider the history of this disastrous "reconciliation" movement. First, we were told we simply needed to say sorry to be reconciled. As Aboriginal activist Professor Mick Dodson claimed: "The apology has the potential to transform Australia and, once and for all, to put black and white relationships in this country on a proper footing." Use of transition words such as Prime minister Kevin Rudd duly said sorry in 2008, but then another step was 'then' and 'so' to show the needed, after all — a law to recognise Aborigines as the First Australians. evolution of the steps in the 'reconciliation movement' As Ballarat elder "Uncle" Murray Harrison put it: "As far as I'm concerned this is what it's all about, just being recognised would put the icing on the cake,

mate."

told even that won't do.

So last year Parliament passed an "act of recognition", but that wasn't enough, either. Now the Constitution itself must change, and already we're

Abbott's chief adviser on Aboriginal issues, Warren Mundine, this week said we must then negotiate treaties with each of Australia's hundreds of tribal "nations" to "acknowledge Australia's right to exist".

Pardon? Argue with hundreds of Aboriginal "leaders" over whether our nation actually is entitled to exist? Have the incendiary debate Israel has with its Muslim enemies?

Use of comparisons

What next? Well, Aboriginal leader Sol Bellear, chairman of the Aboriginal Medical Service, Redfern, spelled it out on the ABC: a future in which "no Australian court has the right to sit in judgment of my people."

Transition word 'next

Indeed, we already have an "Aboriginal Provisional Government", led by Michael Mansell, with such a separatist agenda. So when exactly will we be "reconciled"? When our country is torn apart on ethnic lines, with more recently arrived groups demanding their own customary laws, too?

Use of rhetorical questions

Stop now. Say no to racism. Say no to racial division. Say no to changing our Constitution.

Use of short simple sentences that gradually increase in length and repetition to create a sharp, pointed conclusion to the article

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